

# Division Basics

## (Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication)

Student's Name : \_\_\_\_\_

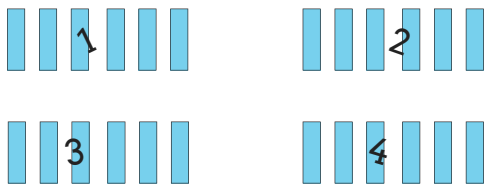
class : \_\_\_\_\_

**Division** means distributing a group of things into **equal parts**. In simple words, splitting of a large group of items into smaller groups of items such that every group will have an equal number of items.



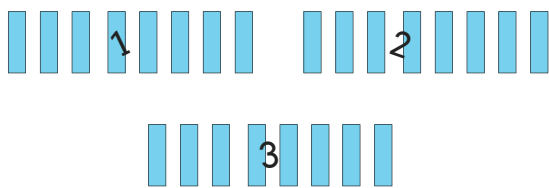
In other words, Division is **repeated subtraction**. It is a process of subtracting the same number from the large number until the **end result** or the **remainder is zero**.

For example,  
 $24 \div 6 = 4$



Here the big number 24 is divided into 4 equal groups having 6 in each group.

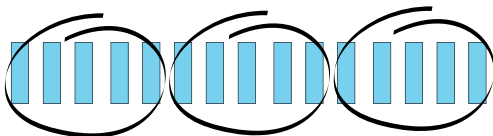
One more example,  
 $24 \div 8 = 3$



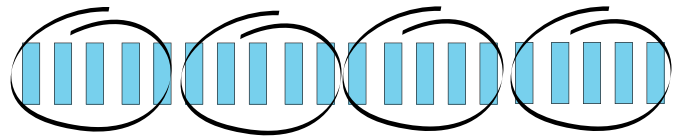
Here the same number 24 is divided into 3 equal groups having 8 in each group.

Use these lines to make them groups

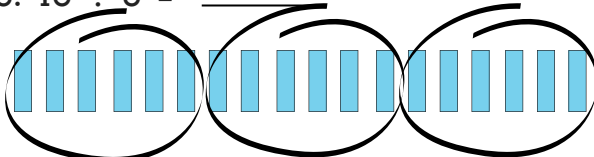
1.  $15 \div 3 = \underline{\quad 5 \quad}$



2.  $20 \div 4 = \underline{\quad 5 \quad}$



3.  $18 \div 3 = \underline{\quad 6 \quad}$



4.  $16 \div 4 = \underline{\quad 4 \quad}$

